COVID-19: The use of Jafron Adsorber in severely ill patients

"Early intervention sees better outcomes"

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Executive summary

- In the absence of safe and effective pharmacological treatments, increasing evidence shows **early intervention** with **haemoperfusion** (HP) can have a positive impact on mortality rates and reduce ICU time
- Early intervention is important: COVID-19 patients that develop AKI can have a ~5.3 times higher mortality risk than those who don't
- HP using the Jafron Adsorber should be considered in **patients with pre-existing serious life limiting conditions** or in patients who meet the **high risk criteria** (full criteria outlined on slide 8)
- Significant benefits in COVID-19 patients showed decreased serum cytokine levels at 72h, improved oxygen supply, decreased mortality rate at day 28 day and longer ICU-free days
- Assessment of patient eligibility at **day 10 of infection** or earlier if patient has deteriorated
- For any patients who don't show enough benefit within 24h (slide 10), 2 Adsorbers will be replaced free of charge

Relevant recommendations for ICUs in COVID-19 management



Early recognition and treatment of critical patients

 Identify biomarkers to predict severity and outcomes in patients e.g. severe lymphopenia, high levels of CRP associated with higher mortality risk^{1, 4, 11}

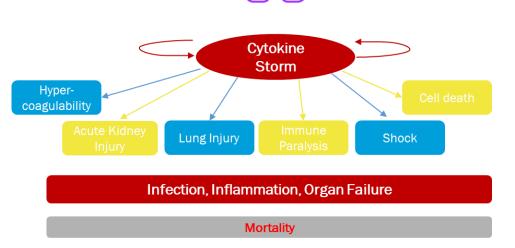
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Disease management in the ICU • Focus on high risk patients e.g. male, >63, comorbidities etc.

 In the absence of safe and effective pharmacological treatments consider extracorporeal organ support (ECOS) therapies for haemodynamic support and organ function recovery^{1,2,7}

 Shift focus from antivirals: over 300 clinical trials testing targeted therapeutic drugs to treat COVID-19 yet results so far are inconclusive^{5.15}

COVID-19: Context



- The virus infects the respiratory epithelium of the lower airways, causing widespread damage¹²
 - In severely ill COVID-19 patients, cytokine storm has been widely reported <u>12, 13, 14</u>
 - Can lead to a number of a number of serious complications including hyper-coagulability and AKI-¹⁴
 - Within a short time cytokine storm can lead to multiple organ failure and mortality^{7, 13, 14}
 - Cytokine storm has been sited as one of the key causes of mortality in severely ill COVID-19 patients³

A number of recently published papers, reports and guidelines recommend blood purification for severe and critically ill patients with early or mid-term cytokine storm^{2.3,7}

NICE technology appraisal: Jafron Adsorber

National Institute for Health and Care Excellence

KEY POINTS OF EVIDENCE

- Main points of evidence from a nonrandomised comparative single arm observational study & case reports including 56 COVID-19 patients with respiratory failure¹⁷
- Indicators for starting treatment in COVID-19 patients include severe ARDS with/without suspected AKI, raised inflammatory biomarkers or hypotension¹⁷
- Early intervention is key¹⁷: if patients develop AKI stage II/III and/or are ventilated/with severe ARDS, outcomes and clinical management is negatively impacted



EXPERT EXPERIENCE & OPINION

- 5 experts contributed to the technology appraisal¹⁷
- They acknowledged the technology may result in patient benefits such as, increased rate of recovery, reduced complications because of elevated cytokine levels and reduced mortality¹⁷
- The technology was described as a simple, and relatively fast acting safe treatment that can be repeated¹⁷
- Experts acknowledged that this technology could be cost saving¹⁷



RESOURCE IMPACT

- 3 technologies assessed with costs ranging from £450 - £1,785 ¹⁷
- The Jafron Adsorber is reported as having the lowest cost¹⁷
- Haemofiltration machines are available across all NHS trusts and ECMO machines in ~8 trusts¹⁷

Rationale for HP using the Jafron Adsorber



- Cytokine adsorption is an **established and safe therapeutic option** and can demonstrate a reduction in cytokines^{3,6,7}
- Since 2002, the Jafron Adsorber has been used safely in ~30,000 treatments/year in a variety of conditions⁶



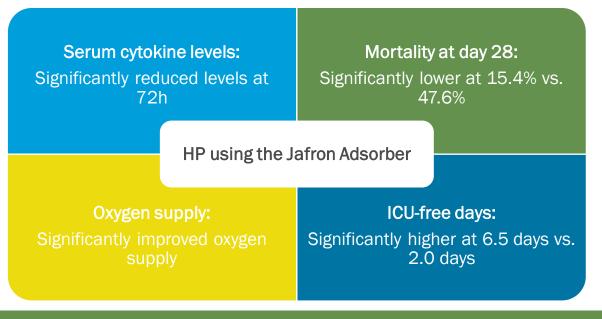
• Fast response: outcome of cytokine adsorption therapy is usually clear within 24h³



• Early intervention, by day 10 of infection, allows a high probability of significant clinical improvement after the first 24h of therapy and continues over the next $48h^{3.11}$

Rationale for HP using the Jafron Adsorber

The report entitled "Cytokine adsorbers for the treatment of cytokine storm in people with severe coronavirus infection" highlights the following in severe COVID-19 patients receiving HP treatment³:



Early intervention, before AKI develops, sees mortality risk drop ~5.3 times $\frac{14}{14}$

Clinical criteria for Jafron Adsorber usage in severely ill COVID-19 patients

- Patients with pre-existing serious life limiting conditions1
- Patients aged >63¹. At day 10 (or earlier if condition has deteriorated) of infection note clinical
 presentation and send bloods for assessment of laboratory parameters associated with COVID-19
 patient outcomes¹¹

OR

• Patient setting: COVID-19 ward, high dependency unit or ICU

CLINICAL PRESENTATION

- 1. Respiratory function:
 - Respiratory rate >24/min¹¹,
 - Oxygen saturation <92%^{2,}
 - Pa02/Fi02 ratio >200, <300 mmHg^{2,9}
- 2. Pulse rate >105 beats/min $\frac{13}{13}$
- 3. AKI stage 1
- 4. Vasopressor support²
- 5. Temperature >37.313

LABORATORY TESTS

- 1. Lymphocyte count $< 0.8^{4}$
- 2. LDH > 245 U/L^{8, 9, 11}
- 3. D-Dimer >0.8ug/ml^{8, <u>10, 11</u>}
- 4. Serum ferritin >500 ug/L¹¹
- 5. CRP > $40 \text{mg/L}^{4.8}$
- 6. Lactate level >1.6 mmol/L⁹
- Creatine Kinase >190U/L (M) or >155U/L (F)^{.8,.11,} or high sensitivity cardiac troponin 1 > 22 pg/ml¹⁶

Early intervention offer criteria: If 3 of the clinical presentations are met and 4 of the laboratory results commence cytokine adsorption

Expected clinical and laboratory test outcomes

CLINICAL PRESENTATION*

- 1. Respiratory function:
 - Respiratory rate >24/min 20% improvement,
 - Oxygen saturation <92% Increase expected,
 - PaO2/FiO2 ratio >200 <300 mmHg 20% improvement
- 2. Pulse rate >105 beats/min Reduction expected
- 3. AKI stage 1 No progression expected
- 4. Vasopressor support 50% reduction
- 5. Temperature >37.3 Reduction expected
- *All expected clinical presentation outcomes after 24h

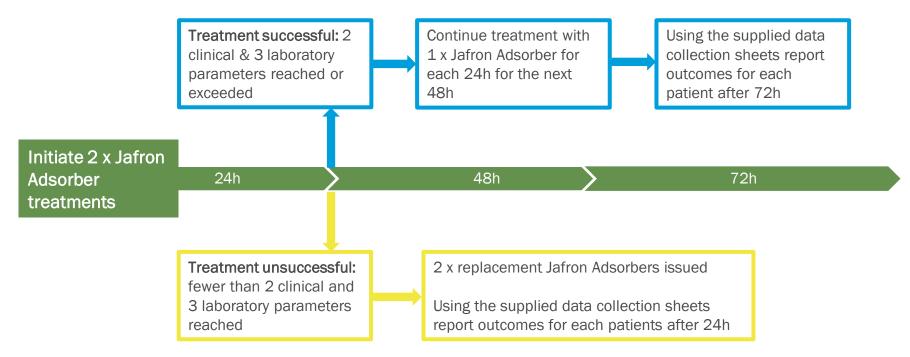
LABORATORY TESTS

- 1. Lymphocyte count < 0.8 Increase expected after 72h
- 2. LDH >245 U/L 20% reduction after 24h
- 3. D-Dimer >1ug/ml 20% reduction after 24h
- 4. Serum ferritin >500 ug/L 20% reduction after 24h
- 5. CRP >40mg/L 20% reduction after 24h
- 6. Lactate level >1.6 mmol/L 20% reduction after 24h
- Creatine Kinase >190U/L (M) or >155U/L (F) 20% reduction after 24h or high sensitivity cardiac troponin 1>22 pg/ml - Reduction expected

Treatment is concluded as successful if at least 2 clinical and 3 laboratory parameters achieved

** Please note, clinical and laboratory outcome values based on general physician consensus of improved prognosis and treatment success

Early intervention offer: treatment scenarios and reporting



* Patients on immunosuppressive medication may need dose adjustments or additional monitoring. A list of medications that could be affected will be supplied.

** This is not a clinical trial. Returning all relevant data on laboratory and clinical parameters will help to better understand the management of COVID-19 infections and to optimise the outcomes criteria. We will produce a registry of patient data that will be shared with clinicians in due course.

Summary of benefits and economic considerations



This therapeutic strategy and early intervention offer is now available. Please get in touch if you would like to know more about this offer and further information on how to adopt this in your patients. Note: early intervention is key to maximising benefits of the outcomes and offer.

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